The States are authorised to utilise alloted amount for various oilseed crops as per their requirement.

(b) Coconut was declared as an oil seed of tree origin in October, 1990.

(c) The 8th Plan Outlay for Coconut Development if Rs. 79.29 Crores. In addition an amount of Rs. 67 lakhs has been earmarked during 8th Plan for establishment of Coconut Teghnology Development Centre being implemented by the Coconut Development Board to promote Research and Development efforts in the application of teghnological innovation in Coconut processing to complete the package of Coconut Teghnology ICAR has reported budget allocation of Rs. 9.267 crores for Coconut research during the VIII Plan period.

Increased Global Warming

1575. SHRI INDER KUMAR GUJRAL : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether his attention has been drawn to the fact that increased global warming is resulting in decreased grain production in India and other developing countries;

(b) whether a study sponsored by the U.S Environment Protection Agency has said that the results of these warming are "definitely negative" for India and whether the study has said that the grain yeild in India could go down by 10 to 20 per cent while some developing countries would be able to enhance their production; and

(c) whether the Government of India has recently not participated in the UN treaty to combat the global warming ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR) : (a) and (b) No, Sir. No confirmatory scientific findings are as yet available to support these statements.

(c) No, Sir. The Govt. of India has signed and ratified the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change.

Debaring Milk Producers from Competing in the World Market

1576. SHRI BHUPINDER SINGH MANN: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government envisage not to debar the milk producers of the country to compete in the world marked so as to step up milk production in the country ;

(b) if so by when; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ARVIND NETAM) : (a) There is no proposal with the Government to debar the milk producers of the country to compete in the world market so as to step up milk production in the country. The Government has also issued a public notice incorporating the amendment in the export of milk products according to which the export of dairy products has been de-canalised subject to quantitative ceiling in S.M.P. and ghee/butter, as may be notified by the Director General of Foreign Trade from time to time.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Total Subsidy to Farmers

1577. SHRI BHUPINDER SINGH MANN: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) what are the details to total subsidy being given to the farmers at present;

(b) what is the sum total of the subsidies if accounted alongwith the negative subsidy; and

(c) what would be the maximum amount on account of subsidies to the farmers which would not affect the ceiling of 10 per cent to the farmers under GATT negotiations ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ARVIND NETAM) : (a) The details of subsidies for agrigulture sector for 1991-92 (latest available) are as under :

	(Rs. crore)
1. Fertilizers . . .	5,205
2. Electricity . . .	4,401
3. Irrigation (Imputed) . .	4,630

The subsidy on fertilizers during 1992-93 and 1993-94 is of the order of Rs. 5800 crore and Rs. 4400 crore respectively.

(b) The amount of total subsidies to all sectors was Rs. 22,436 crore in 1991-92 and Rs. 21,780 crore in 1992-93.

(c) Taking 10% of the value of output, the maximum subsidies to the farmers works out to Rs. 20310.1 crore during 1991-92 at current prices.

खाद्यान्न-उत्पादन के आधुनिकतम साधनों को अपनाया जाना

1578. **श्री राम नरेश यादव** : क्या कृषि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) 1993-94, 1994-95 के वर्षों के दौरान तथा आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना के अंत तक खाद्यान्नों के उत्पादन तथा उनकी उत्पादकता के मामले में आधुनिकतम साधनों को अपनाने के लिए सरकार द्वारा लिए गए निर्णयों का ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ख) क्या सन् 1997 के अंत तक खाद्यान्नों के उत्पादन तथा उनकी उत्पादकता के लिए निर्धारित लक्ष्यों की प्राप्ति के पश्चात् निर्यात में वृद्धि होने की संभावना है; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना के अंत तक कितनी विदेशी मुद्रा अर्जित होने की संभावना है।

कृषि मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री अरविन्द नेताम) : (क) चावल, मोटे अनाज, गेहूं और दलहन के विकास से संबंधित थ्रस्ट कार्यक्रमों को जारी रखे जाने का प्रस्ताव है। तथापि, 1994-95 से चावल, गेहूं और मोटे अनाज से संबंधित विकास कार्यक्रमों में संशोधन करके उन्हें चुनिन्दा राज्यों में विशिष्ट फसल पद्धति वाले क्षेत्रों में कार्यान्वित करने का प्रस्ताव है। खाद्यान्न फसलों के विकास के लिए किस्मों के प्रतिस्थापन और उच्च पैदावार क्षमता वाले उन्नत जर्मप्लाज्म के प्रचार प्रसार जैसी उन्नत फसल उत्पादन प्रौद्योगिकी के प्रचार प्रसार और उसे अपनाने, कार्बनिक पदार्थों के अधिक उपयोग, किसानों के खेतों में उपलब्ध संसाधनों में सुधार करने नवीनतम फसल उत्पादन प्रौद्योगिकी के प्रभावी अन्तरण के लिए फील्ड प्रदर्शनों तथा किसानों के प्रशिक्षण आदि पर जोर दिया जाता रहेगा।

(ख) एवं (ग) जी, हां। आने वाले वर्षों में खाद्यान्न के निर्यात को बढ़ाने की संभावनाएं हैं। तथापि, यह सब कुल हासिल उत्पादन, घरेलू आवश्यकताओं, प्रचलित अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय मूल्यों आदि पर निर्भर होगा। विदेशी मुद्रा का अर्जन मात्रा तथा निर्यात की गई जिन्सों और उनके मूल्यों पर निर्भर करेगा।

Extensive Strain on Agricultural Land

1579. SHRI S. K. T. RAMACHANDRAN: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that still 70 per cent of the Indian population is engaged in agriculture leading to tremendous strain of labour on agricultural land in India;

(b) if so, what effective measures have been taken by Government to ease this thrust on agricultural land;

(c) whether it is also a fact that unending fragmentations of agricultural holdings cause agriculture an unviable occupation;

(b) if so, whether Government would come forward to alter the existing laws concerning land ceiling; and

(e) how many joint farming cooperatives have so far been registered in India, and how many of them are functioning and profit making ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI ARVIND NETAM) : (a) About 65 per cent of the total workers were engaged in agriculture as cultivators or agricultural labourers in 1991.

(b) The draft Agriculture Policy Resolution placed in Parliament on 14-5-93, aims at accelerating all round development and